



# Designing project methodology

Part 2: Evaluating performance



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#### Session content

1. Organising the interregional learning process

2. Evaluating **performance** 



Learningprocess



#### What is a **learning process**

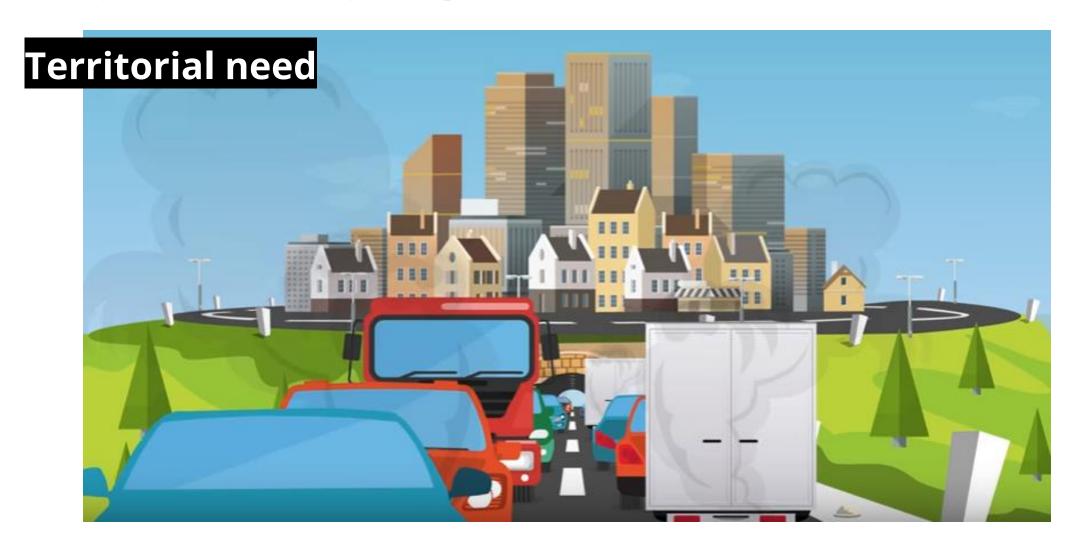


An exchange of experience among different regions

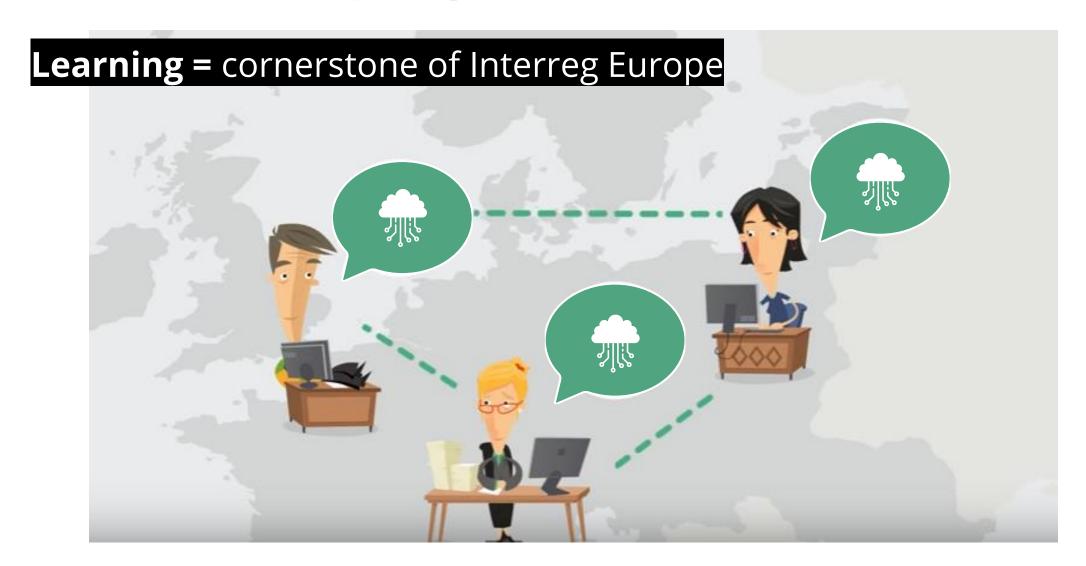
#### Related to **good practices**:

- Identification
- Analysis
- Transfer

## Why is learning important



## Why is learning important



## Why is learning important



**Learning is the catalyst** for achieving policy improvements in involved regions

#### Activities of the learning process

- Joint thematic surveys/ studies/ analysis
- Interregional study visits
- Interregional thematic seminars/ workshops
- Interregional peer-reviews
- Interregional staff exchanges
- Meetings with the stakeholder group compulsory!
- Joint pilot actions
- Participation in the Policy Learning Platform activities

## Testing new approaches

#### **Pilot actions** = learning by doing

- Possible from the start of the project or at mid-term
- Maximum one pilot per policy instrument
- Fully integrated in the learning process

#### Specific **requirements** for being approved:

- Policy relevance and durability
- Interregionality and contribution to the learning process
- Testing character
- Additionality

#### Example of a pilot action



#### DIY kit for mini vertical gardens

The pilot action is based on experiences from partners in Greece, Spain and Portugal. It aims at improving the **SOfiaGREEN Programme** by promoting **urban farming** for more efficient use of resources in urban environment.

Four **vertical garden models** are designed and built by students and teachers from the University of Architecture at the local Makerspace in Sofia (Bulgaria). The gardens are installed in **6 demo sites** and planted with herbs, spices, seeds and seedlings of vegetables and fruits.

In case of success, the city of Sofia will integrate this initiative into the revision of their new SOfiaGREEN Programme for 2022-2023.

2 phases over 4-year implementation

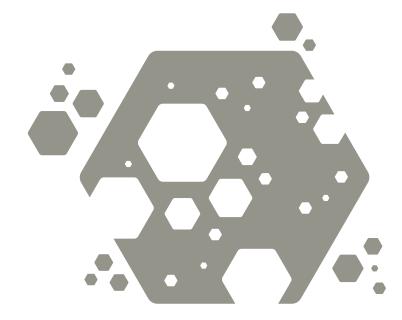
CORE	FOLLOW UP
3 years	1 year
Exchange of experience to achieve policy improvements	Monitor policy improvements

 Action plans only for regions which did not achieve results by the end of core phase

- Some flexibility in the follow-up phase:
  - Up to each project to define the exact activities
  - Exchange of experience still possible

#### No one size fits all!

- Different parameters influencing the process:
  - History of the partnership
  - Number of partners
  - Topic addressed
  - •



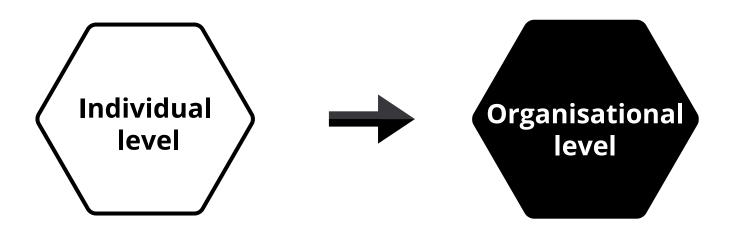
- A. Ensure different **levels of learning** and capacity building
- B. Focus on **quality**
- C. Use an **integrated approach**

## ... to reach project results

#### A. Different levels of learning

The process of learning needs to occur at different levels:

## Partners + Stakeholders



#### A. Different levels of learning



#### B. Focus on quality

#### For all learning activities, importance of:

#### **Preparation** – Before

e.g. agenda and supporting documents clear and sent sufficiently in advance

#### **Implementation** – During

e.g. quality of speakers/ presentations; quality of venues/ logistics (translations?)

#### Follow-up (documentation and monitoring) - After

e.g. evaluation/ satisfaction questionnaire, activities, proceedings

#### Example workshop about ICT clusters

Before city workshop Program (Wednesday PM – Friday Lunch)

Cluster case preparation by the city

Distribution of cluster case > one week prior

to meeting

During city workshop 1. City-region cluster policy

2. Case presentation and discussion

3. Cluster visit

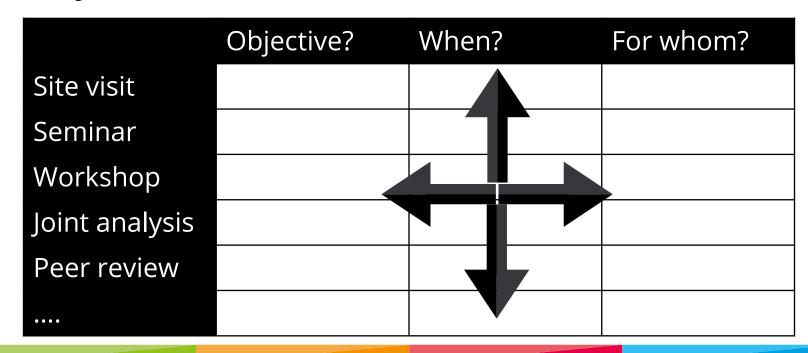
4. Inter-cluster networking

After city workshop Documentation – report from city

workshop(by CSC)

- What are the main steps to reach the objectives and ensure the improvement of the policy instruments addressed?
- What are the activities needed? In which order?
- How to ensure overall coherence in the learning process?

- Ingredients: activities
   Think of interrelation among them!
- Recipe: way to mix the activities



No one-size fits all but three commonly adopted steps:

#### Step 1

Analysis of partners' situations and identification of valuable experiences

#### Step 2

 Experiences further analysed through activities such as study visits and thematic workshops

#### Step 3

Preparation for the transfer of practices into the policy instruments

Two approaches:

- **1. Simple** process based on typical networking activities such as workshops, seminars, study visits
- 2. More elaborated process which can include sophisticated tools such as joint analyses, case studies, peer reviews

Both proven to be successful but => simple is beautiful!

## Section C.4 Project approach

#### C.4 Project approach

Please describe the approach/methodology adopted to achieve the project's objectives within the core phase. \* How is the learning process organised at regional levels? If applicable, please describe the different steps you envisage to reach the project's objective.

- What is the purpose of the different types of activities proposed? In particular, how do they contribute to individual and/or organisational learning? How are these activities interrelated?
- How do you ensure the involvement of stakeholders in the learning process?

0/4000

This field is required.

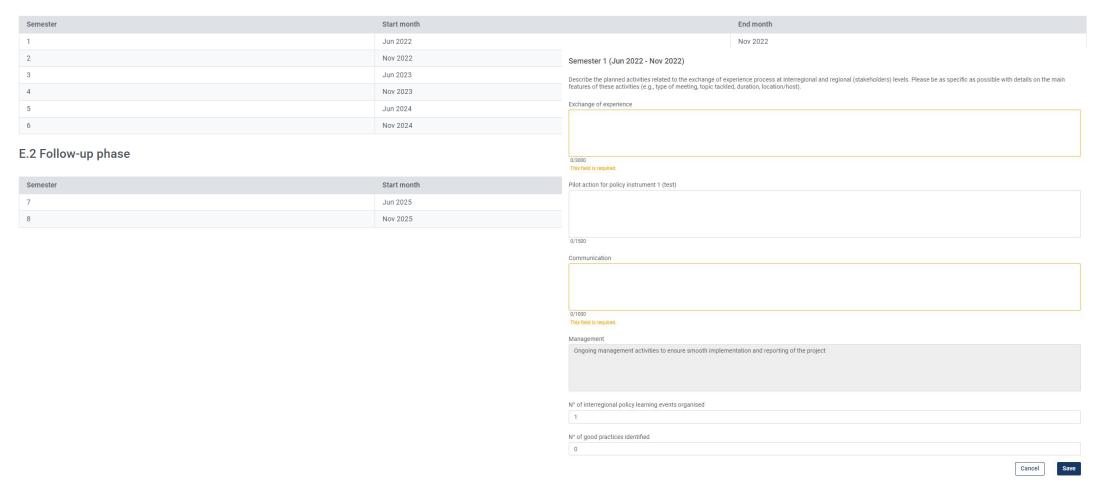
Please explain the approach/methodology envisaged for the follow-up' phase (i.e. last year of the project)? To what extent are the stakeholders expected to be involved in the follow-up phase?

0/1000

This field is required

## Section E Workplan

#### E.1 Core phase "Exchange of experience"



#### Section D1.4 Pilot action

#### D.1 Policy instrument 1

4 Pilot action under policy instrument of action proposed to improve this policy instrument?  s pilot action also proposed to be implemented in other partner region(s)? asse select eld is required.			
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1 Core features			
the pilot action			
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describe what will be tested in the region(s)? What is the precise nature of the pilot action en	visaged?		
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eld is required.			
egionality and contribution to the learning process			
the pilot action linked to the interregional exchange of experience process? How will the impl	ementation and lessons learnt f	rom the pilot action be share	ed among the partnership to enrich the
gional exchange of experience?			
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Deliay relevance and durability	
Policy relevance and durability  How will the pilot action contribute to improving the above policy instrument	t? In case of success, how will the initiative be continued/ generalised within this policy in
Thow will the prior action contribute to improving the above policy instrument	tt: in case of success, now will the initiative be continued/ generalised within this policy in
0/2000	
0/2000	
0/2000 Additionality	
Additionality	cannot be financed by the above policy instrument or by other local, regional or national f

# Evaluatingperformance



#### Why to evaluate

Projects should transform learning into actions!

- Achieve policy improvements by the end of the core phase at the latest.
- Project achievements demonstrate the added value of interregional cooperation

#### How to evaluate

#### Three key concepts:

Outputs: tangible deliverables which contribute to achieving the project objectives

(e.g., good practices identified/ policy instruments addressed)

Results: the **immediate effects** of project implementation deriving from the outputs

(e.g., policy instruments improved)

Impacts: the medium- and long-term effects of the project/ of the policy improvements

(e.g., funds influenced)

#### Performance framework and indicators

	RCO87: Organisations cooperating across borders
	RCO84: Pilot actions developed jointly and implemented in
Quenut indicators	projects
Output indicators	Ol4: Policy instruments addressed
	OI5: Interregional policy learning events organised
	OI6: Good practices identified
	RI2: Organisations with increased capacity due to their
<b>Result</b> indicators	participation in interregional cooperation
	RI3: Policy instruments improved thanks to Interreg Europe
Impact indicator	II1: Funds influenced

#### Section C.5 Project indicators - outputs

#### C.5 Project indicators

#### **Output indicators**

Code	Title	Target
RC087	N° of organisations cooperating across borders	5
RC084	N° of pilot actions developed jointly and implemented in projects	0
014	N° of policy instruments addressed	2
015	N° of interregional policy learning events organised	0
016	N° of good practices identified	0

- Automatically calculated
- OI5 and OI6 come from the **workplan** for each semester

N° of interregional policy learning events organised	
1	
N° of good practices identified	
0	

#### Section C.5 Project indicators - results

#### Result indicators



Define your result targets





## Thank you!

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