





INERTWASTE

Regulatory framework in France: focus on construction waste and inert waste

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French legislation on the circular economy



3 LAWS

Focus will be made on law AGEC (2020): new objectives and measures to the regulations with important impacts on the actors involved in the management of inert and inorganic waste:

- Impacts **in terms of public policy** for some public players, such as the SUD Region, for example
- Operational impacts for public players with construction skills, and for private players in operational terms.

Law n°2015-992 of 17 August 2015 on the Energy Transition for Green Growth (LTECV in French)

Law n°2020-105 of 10 febuary 2020 for Anti-Waste and Circular Economy (AGEC in French)

Law n°2023-973 of 23 october 2023 for Green Industry (Industrie Verte in French)

NEW !!!!

Law TECV (2015):

Ambitious material recovery objectives for waste from construction sites

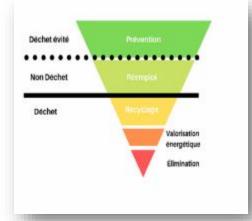
Main objectives

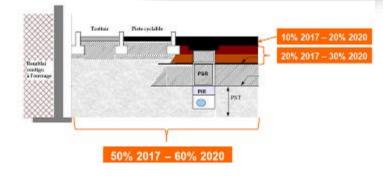
ANNUAL
MONITORING of
the material
recovery rate of
waste from
construction sites
(Inert and NH):
79% reached in
2021 in the SUD
Region

Source ORD (ordeec.org)

- Follow the hierarchy of waste treatment methods
- Recover in the form of material 70% of waste from construction (inert waste and non-hazardous waste) in 2020 (TECV and AGEC)
 => impact on publics and privates actors
- Only for local authorities and the State (TECV) and road construction or maintenance sites for which they are project owners
 - For materials and waste PRODUCTS on construction sites: At least 70% are reused or directed towards recycling or other forms of material recovery
 - For materials USED: 60% by mass of all materials used during the year on construction sites and at least 30% by mass of materials used in the base layers come from re-use, reuse or recycling of waste

Law n°2015-992 of 17 August 2015 on the Energy Transition for Green Growth (LTECV in French)





Law AGEC (2020):

Highly ambitious targets for reduction, reuse and recycling, and therefore limits on waste...

The ambitious objectives of the law are reflected in the SUD Region's waste planning.

Main objectives

- Reduce the quantities of non-hazardous non-inert waste admitted to landfill by 30% in 2020 compared with 2010, and by 50% in 2025. As part of this, the landfilling of recoverable non-hazardous waste will gradually be banned.
- Reduce the production of non-hazardous household and business waste by 10% by 2025 compared with 2015.
- Develop re-use and increase by 10% the quantity of non-hazardous non-inert waste prepared for re-use
- Recover 65% of non-hazardous non-inert waste by 2025
- Target zero plastic waste by 2030

Law n°2020-105 of 10 febuary 2020 for Anti-Waste and Circular Economy (AGEC in French)

The regional council as a strategic territorial planning coordinator "SRADDET"

Regional Strategy
Construction Waste





Law AGEC:

New obligations in favor of reduction, reuse, repurposing and recycling

- Diagnosis EQUIPMENT PRODUCTS MATERIALS WASTE: The project owner has the
 obligation to carry out a diagnosis relating to the management of products, equipment
 materials and waste (PEMD) resulting from this work during demolition or rehabilitation
 work on buildings over 1000 m2: Accueil PEMD (developpement-durable.gouv.fr)
- Obligation of Traceability: for any operation on excavated earth used outside the site of their excavation (production, import, export, treatment, collection, transport, brokerage, trading), and for data relating to waste entering and leaving the operators of the installations. Declaration to the "RNDTS" National Register of Waste Excavated Earth and Sediments is mandatory on the government digital platform: Accueil | Registre National des Déchets (developpement-durable.gouv.fr)
- Dematerialized waste tracking slips: Concerning hazardous waste, a "management system" dematerializing the process of issuing and managing waste tracking slips (BSD) must be created => This system uses the <u>Trackdéchets</u> application (tele-service / computerized data exchange)



Operational actors concerned:

- Project owners
- Project managers
- Waste collection and processing company
- Construction companies

Law AGEC:

New obligations in favor of reduction, reuse, repurposing and recycling

 MAYORS or local authorities (group of municipalities) in the event of transfer of competence:

In the event of illegal dumping, mayors (elected municipal officials) may impose an administrative fine of a maximum amount of €15,000 against the producer or holder of waste and put them on notice to carry out the operations necessary to comply. of this regulation within a specified period + Extended police powers

Construction companies

The quotes relating to construction, renovation and demolition work on buildings as well as the quotes relating to gardening work mention the methods of removal and management of waste generated by the work as well as the associated costs. They specify in particular the facilities in which it is planned for this waste to be collected



French)

Operational actors concerned:

- MAYORS or local authorities
- Construction companies

Law AGEC:

2023-2027: the deployment of an REP PMCB sector Extended Producer Responsibility for Building Construction Products and Materials

Construction &
Buildings Extended
Producers
Responsibility

- ~43 Mt in
 France (out of 240 Mt of construction waste)
- ~3 Mt at the SUD Region scale (/20 Mt of CW)

7-stream sorting obligation from:

Glass, plastic, metal, wood, paper and cardboard, textiles, mineral fraction and plaster (2025)

the Construction & Buildings Extended Producers Responsibility

Organization of "free" recovery (gradual until 2027) of PMCB (**building** construction materials products: inert waste, non-hazardous waste and hazardous waste)

- Collection via mesh points (every 10 to 20 km)
 - Professional recycling centers; Public recycling centers
 - Material distributors including DIY supermarkets
 - Waste collection, sorting and recycling facilities (quarries, platforms, etc.)
- Collection within construction companies
- Collection on site (volume > 50m3)



4 Eco Organizations companies approved in 2022, supervised by an Approved Coordinating Ecoorganization for Buildings (OCAB)









Law Green Industry: 2 targets

Environmental, to face the climate emergency: a reduction of 41 million tonnes of CO2 equivalent is expected by 2030

Economic, aiming at the reindustrialization of the country and job creation.

Law n°2023-973 of 23 october 2023 for Green Industry (Industrie Verte in French)

NEW !!!!

Actors concerned:

- Regions
- Publics Project owners
- Industrials companies

Main objectives

Facilitate and accelerate industrial establishments and rehabilitate wastelands

Industrial land planning is established by each Region, and a national strategy is developed by the State

- Simplification of the environmental authorization procedure to halve the deadlines for issuing environmental authorizations and modernize public consultation procedures
- Structure a recycling sector, using more waste as a raw material and develop the exit from waste status
- Accelerate the consideration of environmental criteria in public purchasing, public procurement and public support schemes.
- Financing the green industry

Thank you!

www.interregeurope.eu/ACRONYM