



## Installing Bat boxes at the Coast of Molise Region

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integrated approach to mitigate the human impact on dune habitats of the Molise coast



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Conservation and dissemination actions implemented to restore the coastal habitats, to protect target species, to involve citizens, tourists and active stakeholders in their preservation. For bats 400 bat boxes installed in the whole coast in different habitats



## **Bat boxes colonisation**





urban area

71% of colonisation

Pipistrellus kuhlii





Bat boxes colonisation Wood area



Land-Sea
Interreg Europe



Pipistrellus sp. and Nyctalus sp.





## **Bat boxes colonisation**Conclusions and transferability



We observed that in the early stages bats tend to colonise anthropic environments (first colonisation after one months from the placement) and natural habitats later (first colonisation after three years).

We also observed that colonized bat boxes, remained occupied over time and that the pioneering colonising genus are *Pipistrellus* and *Nyctalus*.

The winter colonisations in 2015 and 2016 cannot be defined *hibernacula* because of the high temperatures that characterised the months of December in the two years.

These results are useful to manage further use of bat boxes in other conservation projects – useful insights are in the importance of installating bat boxes in different habitats to cover the different exigences of the different species present in a project area.