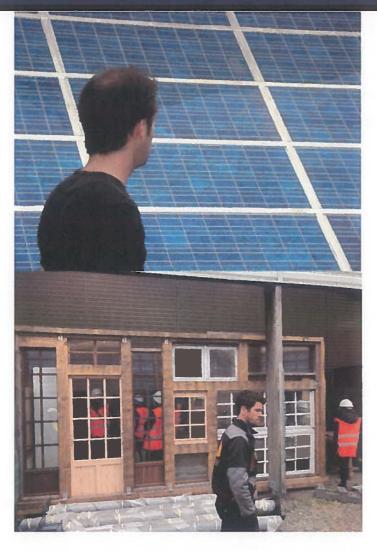




ALOEN Regional Action Plan

### POTEnT Project





### **Table of contents**

Part I - General information	. 2
Part II – Introduction	. 3
Part III - Policy context	5
Part IV – Details of the actions envisaged	. 7
ACTION 1: Initiate a channel for the reuse of waste from the construction sector	. 7
ACTION 2: Develop citizen participation in the renewable energy projects of the municipalities and the	
agglomeration	13





### Part I - General information

Project:

POTEnT (Public Organisations Transform Energy Transition)

Partner:

PP1 ALOEN – Agence Locale de l'Energie de Bretagne Sud

Country:

France

**NUTS2** region:

Bretagne

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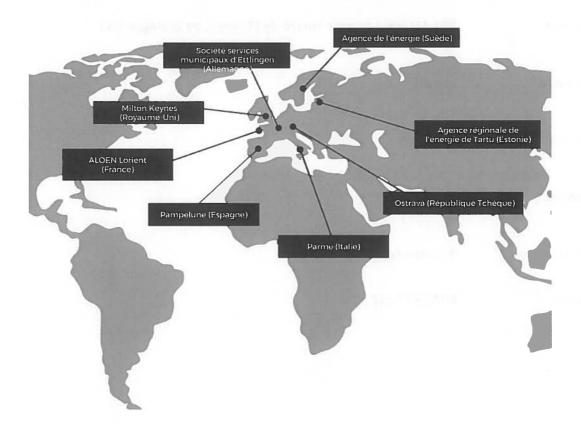




### Part II - Introduction

The POTEnT project aims to reduce CO2 emissions by developing the potential for action of local actors (citizens, elected representatives, companies, etc.). This is achieved through the development of skills and autonomy at the local level, notably through energy services owned by local authorities.

The POTEnT project brings together 9 partners from each European region. The partners are local authorities, local energy agencies and a university which is responsible for learning between partners. Indeed, the members of POTEnT are invited to import the good practices studied in the framework of the project and thus improve the policy instrument addressed (mainly Climate Plan or ERDF program).



The project will last 4 years and is divided into 2 phases. Phase 1 (July 2019 - July 2022) ends with the production of a Regional Action Plan, the present document, presenting the actions that will be developed during phase 2 (until July 2023). The two actions developed below are the result of collaborative work with both our European partners and our stakeholders through numerous meetings and strong involvement. They will contribute to improving Lorient Agglomération's Territorial Climate Air and Energy Plan.







Action 1 "Initiate a reuse channel for waste from the building sector" is the result of a study visit and exchanges with our Swedish partner (Energy Agency for Southeast Sweden) on the good practice "Reuse centre for building material", a platform for reusing building materials. This action very quickly brought together the actors of the whole sector on our territory (local authorities, architects, social landlords, federation of building actors, urban planning and economic development agency) with the desire and the need to build a platform identical to the Swedish one for professionals. The main challenge is the time needed to set up a sector, while the difficulties to be met through reuse are already on our doorstep: lack of raw materials, high costs of materials and energy and above all the urgent need to reduce carbon emissions. This is why the establishment and animation of a network of building actors is an integral part of the action, the involvement and commitment of actors are essential.

Action 2 "Develop citizen participation in renewable energy projects in municipalities and the agglomeration" aims to increase the number of renewable energy projects in municipalities with citizen participation. To this end, photovoltaic and wood energy projects (presented in this report) will serve as a basis for cooperation between the stakeholders in this action. Training and information will also be provided to elected officials, technicians and citizens to make these projects known and thus multiply them. Legal constraints are the main difficulty encountered, requiring the adaptation of the models studied with our POTEnT partners (Sweden, Germany, Italy and Spain).







Study Visits in October 2020







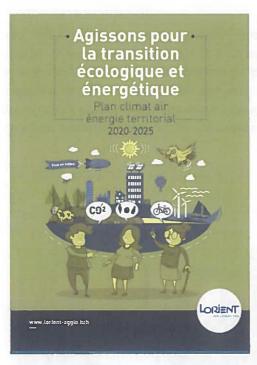
### Part III - Policy context

The Action Plan aims to impact:

- □ Investment for Growth and Jobs programme
- □ European Territorial Cooperation programmes
- Other regional development policy instrument

Name of the policy instrument addressed: Climate Plan Air Energie Territorial (PCAET) 2020-25

Further details on the policy context and the way the action plan should contribute to improve the policy instruments:



### **Lorient Agglomeration Policy Instrument**

With an Agenda 21 (Climate Plan since 2012), Lorient Agglomération drew up a new Territorial Climate Air and Energy Plan (PCAET) in 2020, a framework for the territory's commitment to the fight against climate change and the organisation of its resilience in the face of current and future changes.

The challenge is also social and economic.

### **Lorient Agglomeration Policy Context**

The PCAET aims to contain the territory's energy bill and to once again become the master of the game by relocating energy production and food, as well as by creating jobs and more solidarity.

Carbon neutrality is to be achieved by 2050, for which GHG emissions per capita are to be divided by 4, energy consumption by 2, carbon sequestration is to be multiplied by 2 and production by renewable energies by 3.5.

These objectives are broken down by sector:

- Buildings Reduce GHGs by 81% in the residential and tertiary sectors
- Transport
- Renewable energy Cover 18% of our needs in 2030.
- Carbon sequestration
- They are based on 9 orientations.





### Improvement of Lorient Agglomération Policy Instrument This RAP POTENT will contribute to the success of 2 orientations of the PCAET

- Orientation 6: Develop renewable energies
- Orientation 7: Save resources.

Orientation 6 aims to develop renewable energies, particularly by supporting citizen projects. Thanks to this RAP POTENT, the territory will see a significant increase in citizen participation in the municipalities' RE projects.

Orientation 7 aims to set up a "material bank" and the creation of new reuse channels. Thanks to this RAP we will contribute to the realisation of this orientation by creating a platform for the reuse of building materials.

A review of the PCAET will be carried out at the end of 2022. Among the modifications made to the action programme, the "Save resources" orientation sheet will be amended with new actions in terms of reuse, and more specifically for building materials.





### Part IV - Details of the actions envisaged

ACTION 1: Initiate a channel for the reuse of waste from the construction sector

Relevance to the project

### **Knowledge of POTEnT thematic events**

ALOEN is inspired by the POTEnT partners to initiate energy saving projects by involving local structures, both public and private. Thanks to the thematic events, we have better identified how to overcome obstacles and engage our partners wisely, while respecting the budget and deadlines.

The territory needs ambitious and exemplary projects to accelerate its energy transition. This first action of the RAP contributes fully to this.

#### Political context and commitment to the environment

In 2020, the PCAET committed Lorient Agglomération to a programme of actions for the concrete implementation of its climate-air-energy strategy until 2025. Among the 9 priority areas of work to achieve the objectives set, area 7 focuses on saving resources by aiming for a circular economy dynamic that respects the following hierarchy (Lansink scale): 1- Prevention, 2- Reuse, 3- Recycling, 4- Recovery, including energy recovery, 5- Waste disposal.

In its initial version of 2020, the actions proposed in this "Resource saving" axis have a decidedly "household waste" dominance, ALOEN is improving this action plan by targeting a sector that is significantly more emissive: the construction sector.

### Lessons learned from the interregional exchange of experiences

ALOEN took advantage of a study visit to its partner POTEnT The Energy Agency for Southeast Sweden. In the Kronoberg area, a waste collection company (SSAM) has diversified its activities by collecting building materials in Växjö and Lessebo. These materials are then sold in two shops in Norremark and Hovmantorp (photo attached). Through this study visit in Växjö, ALOEN has understood the major role of the construction sector in terms of CO2 emissions due to the treatment of its waste (landfill, downcycling).









Together with the experience of the Interreg project FCRBE (Facilitating the circulation of reclaimed building elements) and the pilot operation in Lanester, ALOEN has chosen to maximise the CO2 emission savings by focusing on the professional building sector.

The study visit to Växjö allowed a better understanding of the specific types of flows that are managed by the reuse platforms. The Swedish experience allowed ALOEN to visualise the storage volumes required, as well as the human and financial resources to be mobilised. Action 1 of this regional action plan is based on this good practice "Reuse centre for building material".

### Vocational training opportunities

The health crisis has highlighted the shortage of skills and materials to construct or renovate buildings. Apprenticeship and professional training will be integrated into the projects, through the involvement of our stakeholders and local educational institutions. Identified skills deficiencies can be addressed through courses taught at the University of Southern Brittany or GRETA.

### Nature of the actions

From its experience with the selective deconstruction operation in Lanester within the framework of the Interreg FCRBE project, and thanks to the study visit in Växjö, ALOEN has been able to identify the preponderant role of a storage platform to carry out successful reuse operations.

The main objective is to create a construction material reuse chain, and the following action plan aims to prepare the territory and the actors involved.

A. Realization of a feasibility study for the creation of a platform for the reuse of construction materials.

Within the framework of the PCAET of Lorient Agglomération, ALOEN will contribute to the creation of a platform dedicated to the reuse of construction materials. The agency will thus increase the potential for reducing CO2 emissions tenfold by designing this reuse platform not on the scale of individuals, but on the professional scale of the construction sector, which emits over 9 Mt of waste per year in Brittany. All the flows of materials intercepted and reused by this platform will result in avoided CO2 emissions due to the manufacture of new products that would have been used.

In order to analyse the material deposits, the potential locations and the actors that can be mobilised, a **feasibility study** will be carried out. This study is being carried out with the support of ADEME (National Agency for Ecological Transition) and the Brittany Region.





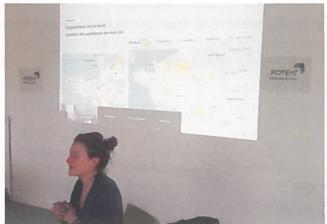


The aim of the feasibility study is to define the dimensions of the platform (in terms of tonnage of materials), and to identify possible locations and economic and legal models based on feedback from platforms operating elsewhere in France.

While the feasibility study is underway, concrete actions have already been developed:

A pilot operation has been carried out in a priority district of the city of Lanester with Bellastock, Nepsen and Bretagne Sud Habitat in order to carry out resource diagnostics on the buildings that will be demolished or rehabilitated there.

Work between the Lorient Agglomération urban planning department and Bellastock is underway to define the conditions to be included in the specifications of demolition companies and builders so that reuse is integrated into the operations carried out in the Bois du Château district of Lorient.





Initiation to reuse with Bellastock for the actors of the building industry - April 2022

#### 1. Stakeholders involved

The stakeholders involved in this action include the members of the steering committee, who commissioned the feasibility study: Lorient Agglomération, Audélor, C2SOL, ALOEN.

The role of the Lorient Agglomération departments is to compile data on urban planning, waste and architecture:

Lorient Agglomération's Operational Urban Planning Department is planning numerous deconstruction or rehabilitation operations for the coming years, with the aim of integrating re-use on several pilot sites.

Lorient Agglomération's Waste Management and Recovery Department is in charge of the PCAET's Orientation 7 "Resource Economy" and contributes its collection management and waste centre logistics skills. It has feedback on the reuse of materials by users of the Caudan waste centre.





**Audélor**, the Lorient region's urban planning and economic development agency, which has been working for several years with Lorient Agglomération on the issue of waste, provides its knowledge of demolition and construction projects, particularly in business parks and industrial zones.

**C2Sol** completes the steering committee in its capacity as a social and solidarity economy cluster by its knowledge of the players and its ability to bring them together. It has a detailed knowledge of the construction industry in particular, as well as of the current construction waste management channels (ecoorganisations).

### Other key players:

**SPL BER**, thanks to the development of wood heating networks that it operates in the municipalities, has a good knowledge of the land potentially available.

**Bretagne Sud Habitat**, a social landlord in close contact with ALOEN, has numerous projects to rehabilitate its property holdings.

Lorient Habitat, a public housing office in the Lorient agglomeration, is currently engaged in a large-scale deconstruction operation in the Bois du Château district of Lorient.

### 2. Timeframe

The feasibility study will be completed by the end of June 2022.

A first report will be delivered by 10 May, concerning the territorial diagnosis: Study of the deposits and the actors of the territory. An analysis of the assets, weaknesses, opportunities and threats will be carried out at this stage.

### 3. Indicative cost

Feasibility study carried out by a consortium of three specialised structures: €43,000.

Support for the feasibility study, setting up the dynamics by involving the actors: €30,000

### 4. Indicative funding sources

ADEME: up to 50% of the feasibility study







A. Creation of an inter-professional network of actors involved in a dynamic of reuse of construction materials on the territory of Lorient Agglomeration (training and implementation)



By sharing tools and training, the objective of this network is to increase the skills of the stakeholders based on deconstruction operations and the feedback of each of the actors. On the occasion of thematic seminars, ALOEN will invite a series of experts to present to its stakeholders the tools to be used to facilitate the circulation of materials resulting from deconstruction. The legal, insurance and technical aspects (particularly selective removal) will be addressed.

Built in close collaboration with existing building federations, this network is intended to be inclusive and demonstrative, with a strong desire to make reuse a reality in urban renewal projects. The CAPEB (Confédération de l'Artisanat et des Petites Entreprises du Bâtiment) is an excellent gateway to experience in the field and to the technical feasibility of removing and reintegrating building elements.

The Fédération Régionale du Bâtiment (FFB Bretagne) coordinates the large building companies in the Brittany region.

Within the framework of this network of actors, and taking advantage of the results of a study carried out by ADEME to study the lack of skills to boost the reuse sector, ALOEN will organise training sessions adapted to the knowledge levels of the actors on this subject of reuse.

The following will be involved in this network: social landlords, demolition companies, Lorient Agglomeration's urban planning and architecture departments, building craftsmen, associations and integration companies, inspection offices, insurance groups, marketers, as well as initial or continuing training organisations (University of Southern Brittany, GRETA, AFPA, etc.).

Targeted skills: insurability, guarantees, removal techniques, resource diagnosis, etc.

**Experts involved:** law firms specialising in the circular economy, representatives of the Agence Qualité Construction, construction insurers, architects, etc.





#### 1. Stakeholders involved

The stakeholders involved in this sub-action include social landlords, demolition companies, Lorient Agglomération's urban planning and architecture departments, building craftsmen, associations and integration companies, inspection offices, insurance groups, marketers, as well as initial and ongoing training organisations (University of Southern Brittany, GRETA, AFPA, etc.).

ALOEN's role will be to organise the thematic workshops, compile feedback and redirect requests to the territory's resource structures.

The members of the network bring their valuable feedback on their construction/deconstruction operations and take advantage of the thematic workshops and visits to increase their skills on the subject of materials reuse.

#### 2. Timeframe

- April 2022: Introduction to the re-use approach #1, speaker: Mathilde Billet (Bellastock)
- May 2022: Visit of an exemplary material library, Speaker: Frantz Daniaud (Ecrouvis)
- July 2022: Introduction to the reuse approach #2 (integration of new members)
- September 2022: Thematic workshop #1 and setting up of a network steering committee in charge of defining the needs of the network members and the actions to be carried out to meet them.
- October 2022: Introduction to the reuse approach #3 (integration of new members)
- November 2022: Thematic workshop #2 and steering committee meeting
- December 2022: Organisation of a visit
- January 2023: steering committee meeting
- April 2023: Thematic workshop #3
- May 2023: Organisation of a visit
- June 2023: Steering committee meeting

#### 3. Indicative cost

Work time for network animation over one year = 9750€, i.e. 1/4 of a full time job over one year.

Network coordination costs (room hire, welcome parties, travel costs for visits) = €2,000

### 4. Indicative funding sources

Lorient Agglomération will pay for part of the funding of this work time from the Climate Plan budget.

The National Agency for Urban Renewal (ANRU) and the New Urban Renewal Programme (NPRU) may also contribute to the financing of this network.

Finally, the members of the network, through their membership, will participate in its financing.





ACTION 2: Develop citizen participation in the renewable energy projects of the municipalities and the agglomeration

Relevance to the project

#### Local context

The Territorial Climate Air and Energy Plan commits Lorient Agglomération to a programme of actions for the concrete implementation of its 2020 - 2025 climate-air-energy strategy. Among the 9 priority areas of work to achieve the objectives set, guideline 6 focuses on developing renewable energy. Indeed, the share of renewable energy was 4% of the territory's final energy consumption in 2018.

The development of renewable energies is planned according to 3 workstreams:

- Workstream 20: Producing renewable heat
- Workstream 21: Producing renewable electricity
- Workstream 22: Supporting participatory financing

Among the actions undertaken or to be developed are mentioned

- The creation of a local public company
- Support for citizen RE projects with local authorities.

The Local Public Company (SPL BER) was created in 2019. It is a private company, 100% owned by local authorities. Its mission is to finance, operate and supply renewable energy facilities for its shareholders (the municipalities), in particular wood heating networks. It also has the mission of structuring and consolidating a quality local wood sector.

In addition, the territory benefits from a citizen company, named **OnCIMè**, created in 2015 by the association Bretagne Énergies Citoyennes to develop citizen energy projects. It is currently made up of around 200 citizen shareholders who own 100% of the capital. Among other things, it has already carried out 4 photovoltaic projects with the city of Lorient on the roofs of schools and the city hall of Lorient, according to the following model: the company OnCIMè owns solar panels and rents them to the city of Lorient. The city pays a rent to OnCIMè and uses the electricity produced by the panels for self-consumption on its buildings.

**Lorient Agglomération** provides the shared energy consultancy service (CEP) for the municipalities via the energy service, handles the technical studies and finances part of the work time of the coordination post at ALOEN (at 30%)\* to carry out this Action 2.

The Crozet high school in Port Louis provides technical training for the agents of the communes for the photovoltaic sites in control.

**TARANIS** (Breizh ALEC) federates the structures and project leaders involved in the development of renewable energies in Brittany, and will provide its support to the citizen mobilisation and training action.







The ADEME and the Region of Brittany are co-financing the coordination post at ALOEN (to carry out this Action 2) via the call for projects "energy planning" \* (at 70%).

\* Call for "energy planning" projects launched by the Brittany Region and ADEME.

ALOEN responded with Lorient Agglomération, the SPL and OnCIMè and was selected for this cooperative development project for citizen renewable energy projects.

Breakdown of funding for the coordination position:

- ADEME REGION ("Energy Planning" call for projects): 50 000 € (70%)
- Lorient Agglomération (PCAET budget supplement): 22 000 € (30%)





Presentation of the RAP action to the holders of the climate plans - April 2022

In addition to this funding, within the framework of the ADEME and REGION's "Citizen Mobilisation" Call for Projects, the territory benefits from €5 000 to be channelled to the TARANIS Network for the mobilisation of citizens, elected representatives and technicians.

Other funding will have to be found to enable the action to continue beyond 2023.

### Lessons learned from the interregional exchange of experiences

The Study Visit of 5 May 2021, organised by our partners POTEnT from Parma and Pamplona, showed us the experiments of local energy communities which carry out projects of photovoltaic electricity production in self-consumption (Good Practices Green Energy Community - Bologna and Development of an Energy Community for a Pilot Project of Collective Self Consumption - Pamplona) and which involve citizens and communities.







The Study Visit on 17 September 2021, hosted by our partners from Ettlingen and the Energy Agency for Southeast Sweden, presented the local energy communities developed in Germany and Sweden (Good practices Community energy cooperative and Cooperative solar plants). These are generally community-owned energy companies that are able to sell shares to citizens, who are often customers of the same companies, for the development of renewable energy projects.

While in Germany in 2016, 42% of renewable energy capacity was owned by citizens, in France citizen renewable energy projects are still marginal and therefore little known by citizens, elected officials and technicians of local authorities. Energy communities are still underdeveloped in France. Indeed, French legal constraints (electricity networks are managed by a monopoly and not by local authorities) do not allow the models studied by our POTEnT partners to be imported as they are, models which nevertheless allow for significant massification.

The OSER EnR fund studied during the study trip to Lyon and Grenoble in October 2020 addressed the subject of investment in renewable energy by local authorities. The fund is 54% owned by the Region and intervenes in renewable energy projects in order to guarantee their local anchoring.

#### Nature of the actions

Thanks to the lessons learnt from the POTEnT project, we will be inspired by the German and Swedish models to massify community-led projects with citizen participation. To do this, we will have to adapt the import by taking into account the French legal constraints and the specific tools available in the territory.

We will also work on self-consumption models, capitalising on the lessons learned from the Green Energy Community of Bologna and the Development of an Energy Community for a Pilot Project of Collective Self Consumption of Pamplona



Participatory work site - installation of photovoltaic panels

We are going to set up a concrete cooperation of the skills of the local actors involved: Lorient Agglomération is carrying out the preliminary technical studies for photovoltaic and heating networks on the property of the municipalities through its Shared Energy Advisors service.

The SPL will carry out the feasibility studies for the heating networks, OnCIMè will mobilise citizens by organising meetings and collecting citizen funds, and ALOEN will coordinate the cooperation of meetings, awareness-raising and training, and communication.

We will **develop skills within the citizen society** through the employer group: an administrative







assistant has been hired by OnCIMè through the EG (professionalisation of the small citizen society / 0.5 days per week)

Finally, we will develop a **governance model** for two types of renewable energy projects, by developing a collaboration between the Société Publique Locale, Lorient Agglomération (Shared Energy Advisors for the communes) and the citizen company OnCIMè. Legal studies are currently being planned to identify the possible links to be developed between the SPL and citizen investment (framework agreement).

### A. Development of two photovoltaic projects for the communes

The municipalities of Quéven and Hennebont have asked the company OnCIMè and Lorient Agglomération to develop photovoltaic installations on a school and on a new sports building under construction.

As with the good practices mentioned above, the aim here is to develop the production of renewable electricity based on the energy community model: to involve the municipalities that own the buildings (elected officials and technicians), the citizens (allowing them to invest via the citizen company OnCIMè), and to involve the users of the buildings to control energy demand.

The ownership of the installations will be shared between the municipality and the citizen company, as well as the profits.

The photovoltaic electricity production of the school in **Quéven** will be self-consumed. The installation will be carried out by the town after training the staff. OnCIMè will rent the panels to the town.

For the Hennebont project, the study is underway (size and economic model).



Elected officials, technicians of Quéven and OnCIMè







### 1. Stakeholders involved (same stakeholders for Quéven and Hennebont)

Lorient Agglomération is carrying out the technical sizing and feasibility studies.

The SPL assists the municipalities in the legal set-up of the call for tenders required for these projects as well as in the organisation of training for the municipalities' agents and the work sites at the Lycée Crozet.

OnCIMè responds to calls for tender for the municipalities in the form of a rental contract (technical and financial offer for the supply of equipment, and annual animation during the rental period).

ALOEN is responsible for informing and raising awareness of the interest of renewable energy projects and for organising cooperation between these three actors and the municipalities (elected officials, technicians) upstream of the project.

#### 2. Timeframe

Quéven: The municipality's call for tenders is underway, and OnCIMè will respond by 5 May. Two public meetings will be organised to mobilise citizen funding. The installation is planned for the summer of 2022.

Hennebont: implementation planned in 2023 or 2024

#### 3. Indicative cost

#### Quéven:

OnCIMè: €12,000 purchase of photovoltaic panels The town of Quéven: €10,000 of ancillary equipment

Hennebont: Study in progress

ALOEN (support work time): approximately a quarter of a full-time equivalent for both projects, i.e. 14,250€.

### 4. Indicative funding sources

#### Cost of works:

OnCIMè: citizen funding

City: own funds

ALOEN (working time): 70% ADEME Brittany Region, 30% Lorient Agglomeration





### B. Development of a wood energy project

The municipality of Arzano asked the SPL to carry out its heating network project with a wood-fired boiler room.

The wood sector is exclusively local. The aim is to heat the town hall, a school, a home for dependent elderly people and a collective housing building.

As with the good practices "Växjö Energi 100% (fossil free production)" and "CO2-free heat supply from neighbourhoods" in Ettlingen, the aim is to develop the production of renewable heat by a public company by developing a stronger cooperation between the citizen society, the municipality and the SPL.

#### 1. Stakeholders involved

The SPL carried out the feasibility study and will carry out the project for the municipality. It will launch a call for tenders for the work, specifying that it wants citizen financing for a boiler as well as an annual animation for the inhabitants and agents of Arzano.

OnCIMè will respond to the call for tenders to solicit citizen financing and carry out the annual animation.

### 2. Timeframe

Launch of the work and mobilisation for citizen funding: September 2022.

#### 3. Indicative cost

- Estimated cost of the heating network and boiler room work carried out by the SPL: €1 million excluding tax
- Estimated cost of citizen financing for the wood boiler: €80 000 excl.
- ALOEN (support work time): approximately a quarter of a full-time equivalent = €14,250

#### 4. Indicative funding sources

Breakdown of the cost of the work:

SPL: 40 %ADEME: 38%

• Région of Brittany: 15 %

Quimperlé Communauté: 7%.

ALOEN working time: 70% ADEME / Région Bretagne, 30% Lorient Agglomeration





### C. Setting up awareness of renewable energy projects with citizen participation

We are going to inform and develop the skills of the elected representatives and technicians of all the communes of Lorient Agglomeration in the field of citizen participation, in order to give the decision-makers and the "doers" the desire and the capacities.

The objective is to be able to massively increase the number of renewable energy projects with citizen participation as described above.

We will propose online and face-to-face sessions addressing the climatic, technical, financial and legal issues specific to renewable energy projects with citizen participation.

We will then raise awareness among the territory's inhabitants of the benefits of renewable energy projects with citizen participation (financial and governance) through a broad communication (strategy being defined).

#### 1. Stakeholders involved

ALOEN: Communication and information.

The animation will be carried out by ALOEN and the TARANIS network (Breizh ALEC).

### 2. Timeframe

Autumn 2022: communication to municipalities and citizens.

Winter 2022 to summer 2023: collective training meetings with interested municipalities (elected officials and technicians / 3 meetings planned) and then for each municipality wishing to become involved in order to develop their projects with the various actors (elected officials, technicians and citizens)

#### 3. Indicative cost

ALOEN (support work time): about half a full-time equivalent, 28500 €.

TARANIS: approximately €5,000

#### 4. Indicative funding sources

ALOEN working time: 70% ADEME / Région Bretagne, 30% Lorient Agglomeration

TARANIS: 5 000€ by ADEME REGION (Call for projects "Citizen Mobilisation")



Regional Action Plan





### Letter of support from the relevant organisation responsible for policy

The local Energy and Climate Agency of South Brittany and Lorient Agglomeration acknowledge the added value of the POTEnT project and its contribution to the Plan Climat Air Energie Territorial 2019-2025, provided through the identification of Good Practices and Interregional learning and the development of this Regional Action Plan.

The local Energy and Climate Agency of South Brittany and Lorient Agglomeration consider the potential import of the Good Practices and Interregional learning mentioned in this Regional Action Plan, with necessary adaptation according to local context, to represent a valuable input for further development of energy efficiency measures and reduction of CO2 emissions in Lorient Agglomeration.

We hereby confirm our support for the import and implementation of the Good practices as described in this Regional Action Plan as well as for the two actions reported in Part IV of this document.

### Name & Function:

Bruno PARIS, Vice president of Lorient Agglomeration in charge of the Ecological Transition.

Date: ()

Name & Function:

Marie-Laure LAMY, The local Energy and Climate Agency of South Brittany

Date:

Signatures:

03/07/22

