Workshop
Circular Economy
Barcelona, October 10th/2017

PP1 – MINISTRY OF TERRITORY AND SUSTAINABILITY
Which are the main or better positioned sectors for the implementation of the circular economy in your country/Region?

- Agri-food sector
- Chemical industry
- Transport and logistics

Those are the three sectors with a highest potential of circularity and also with a relevant impact in Catalonia’s economy.
Which are the main legal requirements and reporting procedures related to waste that apply to an organization in your country/region?

Regulations
- Law 2/2014, of January 27, on fiscal, administrative, financial and public sector measures.
- Law 20/2009, of December 4, on the environmental prevention and control of activities.
- Legislative Decree 1/2009, of July 21, which approves the revised text of the waste regulation law
- Law 8/2008, of July 10, on the financing of waste management infrastructures and the fees for the disposal of waste.
Which are the main legal requirements and reporting procedures related to waste that apply to an organization in your country/region?

Regulations:
- Legislative Decree 3/2008 of 25th June, on Public Fees and Prices in Catalonia

Reporting:
- Industrial Waste Annual Declaration (DARI, in Spanish).
- Annual Declaration of Packaging.
- Packaging Waste Prevention Business Plan (every three years)
- Review of Environmental Authorization and License.
Which are the main legal requirements and reporting procedures related to waste that apply to an organization in your country/region?

**Reporting:**
- Waste Documental System (Acceptance sheet, Follow-up sheet, Delivery note)
- Hazardous waste minimization studies.
- Annual declaration of devices subject to PCB / PCT inventory.
- Management of a residue as a by-product.
- Preliminary report of contaminated soils.
Which are the main potential actions to implement circular economy (waste, energy, water and other resources) that could include special conditions for EMAS registered organizations?

- Reduced reporting and monitoring requirements.
- Fast-track permits/simplification in the application.
- Reduction of administrative fees/taxes.
- Credit access and funding support (aids, grants).
- Reduction of financial guarantees.
- Extension of validity of permits/authorizations.
- Reduced VAT for products and services (EMAS – Circular).
- Reduction of corporate income tax.