



Turn the lights off: mitigating the impact of artificial light on bats Metropolis Nice Côte d'Azur

Name of the speaker: Pauline CHEVALIER

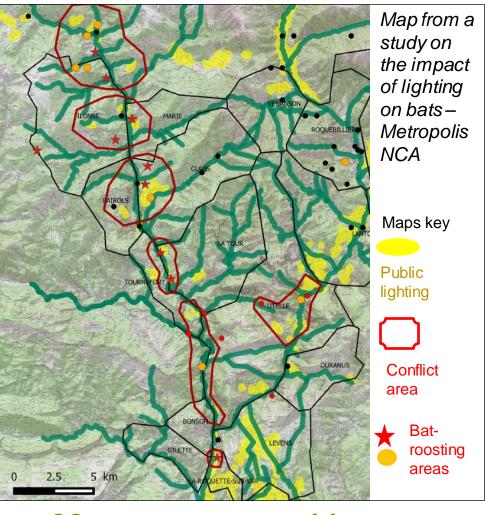
Position: Biodiversity study officer

Email: pauline.chevalier@nicecotedazur.org

Environmental issues on the territory of NCA







51 municipalities - 144 190 hectares 89 % of natural species

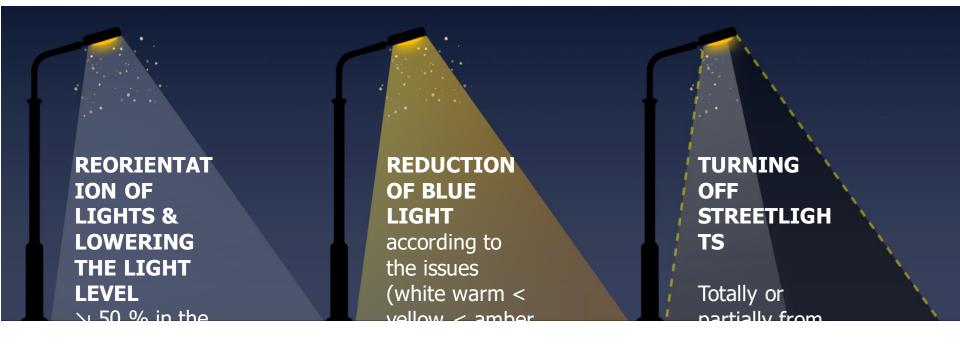
13 Natura 2000 areas

29 chiropteran species, 11 particularly sensitive to light disturbance

11 zones of light disturbance



Lighting the right place, at the right time and when it is needed!



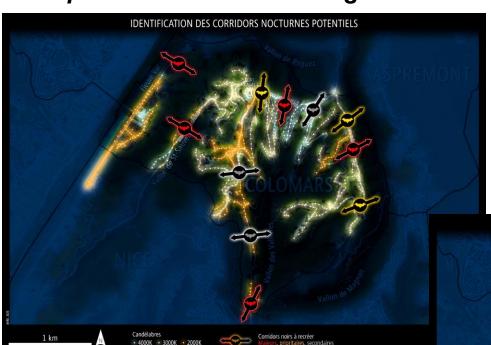
Made-to-measure solutions for every municipality

- → 23 municipalities involded / 12 to come
- → Communication/awareness (hold public meetings, guided walks to hear the bats at night, articles on local paper/internet/social media, ...)





Example of environmental diagnostic / identification of ecological corridors



Example of proposal





BEFORE – example (municipality of Gilette)





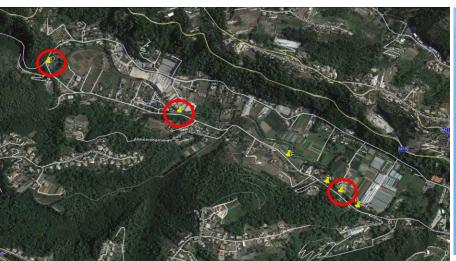
AFTER – example (municipality of Gilette)







Example of study to measure impacts of light pollution mitigation measures on biodiversity





Detecteur

— 1010

1011

Entre 23h00

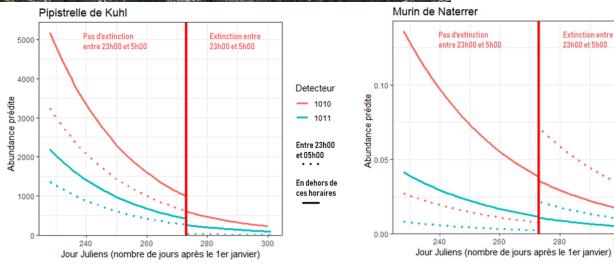
En dehors de

ces horaires

et 05h00







→ the 11 p.m. to 5 a.m. blackouts enabled 2 rare and protected bat species (Lesser Rhinolophus and Natterer's Bat) to return to hunting in the blacked-out areas, which the lights previously made inaccessible for them

3 bats detectors in Cagnes-sur-Mer / 3 in the rest of the territory (indicators)
Recording bats activity for 1 month (before/after turning of lights) / August to October (2018)





Thank you!

Questions welcome